Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc. Cherry Hill, New Jersey

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc. as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Nanavaty, Davenport, Studley & White, LLP

March 15, 2023

Statements of Financial Position

At December 31,

Assets		2021		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,008,939	\$ 1,426,739	
Investments		5,167,263	4,382,553	
Contributions receivable		54,682	48,530	
Prepaid expenses		11,792	61,105	
Other assets		6,472	-	
Total Assets	\$	6,249,148	\$ 5,918,927	
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	337,231	\$ 252,299	
Deferred revenue		151,143	340,024	
Total Liabilities		488,374	592,323	
Net Assets:				
Net assets without donor restrictions		5,548,913	5,224,325	
Net assets with donor restrictions		211,861	102,279	
Total Net Assets		5,760,774	5,326,604	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	6,249,148	\$ 5,918,927	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Activities

For the Years Ended December 31,

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	2022	2021		
Revenues and Other Support:				
Special events - revenue	\$ 1,010,374	\$	624,535	
- expenses	(217,673)		(96,690)	
- net	 792,701	' <u>-</u>	527,845	
Program service revenue	662,596		693,507	
Contributions and grants	758,180		804,720	
Investment return, net	35,591		25,600	
Small Business Administration	-		103,134	
Total Unrestricted Revenues and Other Support	 2,249,068		2,154,806	
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	103,310		-	
Total revenues and other support	2,352,378		2,154,806	
Expenses:				
Program services	1,638,548		931,131	
Management and general	311,273		291,250	
Fundraising	79,018		42,942	
Total expenses	2,028,839		1,265,323	
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	323,539		889,483	
Net Assets With Donor Restrictions				
Contributions	213,941		51,655	
Net assets released from restriction	(103,310)		-	
Change in net assets with donor retrictions	 110,631		51,655	
Change in net assets	 434,170		941,138	
Net assets at beginning of year	5,326,604		4,385,466	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,760,774	\$	5,326,604	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31,

		2022		2021		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Change in net assets	\$	434,170	\$		941,138	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to						
net cash provided by operating activities						
Net realized and unrealized loss (gain) on investments		52,772			(20,449)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in:						
Contributions receivable		(6,152)			(22,388)	
Prepaid expenses		49,313			(16,711)	
Other assets		(6,472)			-	
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		84,932			68,293	
Deferred revenue		(188,881)			78,064	
Reundable advance		-			(51,557)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		419,682	_		976,390	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Purchase of investments		(837,482)			(654,112)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(837,482)			(654,112)	
Net(decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(417 800)			322,278	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(417,800) 1,426,739			1,104,461	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,008,939	•		1,426,739	
Such and cash equivalents at end of year	Ψ	1,000,737	<u></u>		1,120,737	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Functional Expenses

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Patient and Family Services		Edu	Professional Education and Meetings		Research		Total rogram ervices	Management and General		Fur	ıdraising		Total
Salaries	\$	52,501	\$	22,839	\$	135,603	\$	210,943	\$	200,812	\$	55,509	\$	467,264
Payroll taxes		4,398		1,714		10,145		16,257		15,778		4,406		36,441
Grants		140		-		667,345		667,485		-		-		667,485
Conferences and meetings		333,500		96,634		4,586		434,720		6,595		2,298		443,613
Professional fees		140,827		30,888		34,088		205,803		48,929		-		254,732
Dues and subscriptions		1,060		728		273		2,061		9,428		4,513		16,002
Bank charges		1,539		3		3		1,545		5,689		3,597		10,831
Patient assistance		26,213		-		-		26,213		-		-		26,213
Postage		9,189		-		-		9,189		2,040		723		11,952
Office supplies		9,541		1,417		137		11,095		11,383		3,441		25,919
Taxes, licenses and fees		-		-		-		-		4,635		-		4,635
Insurance		1,169		64		371		1,604		1,580		2,210		5,394
Advertising		6,581		-		-		6,581		332		333		7,246
Printing		3,166		-		-		3,166		3,862		1,776		8,804
Telephone		210		210		-		420		210		212		842
Other expenses		41,466						41,466				-	_	41,466
Total expenses	\$	631,500	\$	154,497	\$	852,551	\$	1,638,548	\$	311,273	\$	79,018	\$	2,028,839

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Functional Expenses

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Patient and Family Services		Ed	rofessional ucation and Meetings	Research	Total Program Services	Management and General		draising_	 Total
Salaries	\$	43,254	\$	21,834	\$ 125,365	\$ 190,453	\$ 208,286	\$	32,683	\$ 431,422
Payroll taxes		3,806		1,761	9,632	15,199	19,160		2,797	37,156
Grants		-		-	426,519	426,519	-		-	426,519
Conferences and meetings		54,220		53,104	-	107,324	3,001		-	110,325
Professional fees		66,500		11,900	8,400	86,800	31,272		-	118,072
Dues and subscriptions		574		117	106	797	10,345		3,467	14,609
Bank charges		701		-	1	702	8,292		-	8,994
Patient assistance		17,539		-	-	17,539	-		-	17,539
Postage		5,137		12	-	5,149	1,299		257	6,705
Office supplies		21,387		295	39	21,721	3,426		207	25,354
Taxes, licenses and fees		-		-	-	-	4,287		-	4,287
Insurance		1,012		49	424	1,485	1,289		1,924	4,698
Advertising		3,481		1,500	399	5,380	-		-	5,380
Printing		5,165		-	-	5,165	367		1,381	6,913
Telephone		226		226	-	452	226		226	904
Other expenses		46,446		-	-	46,446	-		-	46,446
Total expenses	\$	269,448	\$	90,798	\$ 570,885	\$ 931,131	\$ 291,250	\$	42,942	\$ 1,265,323

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Organization

The Dravet Syndrome Foundation, Inc. (DSF) was incorporated as a nonprofit, publicly supported corporation on September 24, 2009 under the laws of the State of Connecticut. DSF was formed to promote and support research regarding Dravet syndrome and related epilepsies. DSF funds research toward better treatments and a cure of Dravet syndrome and related epilepsies by awarding research grants to qualified scientists and doctors. DSF produces an annual Research Roundtable Meeting to provide the opportunity for researchers and clinicians to collaborate and discuss better treatment options and a roadmap toward a cure and how to best facilitate both. Through the International Patience Assistance Grant Program, DSF provides grants to cover expenses not covered by medical insurance.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of DSF comply with the Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations topic of the FASB Codification. Under this topic, DSF reports information regarding it financial position and activities according to the following net assets classifications:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of DSF. These net assets may be used at the discretion of DSF's management and Board of Directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of DSF or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statements of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, DSF considers funds in demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market funds and all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Contributions Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management believes all amounts are collectible from the donors.

Income Taxes

DSF is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. A ruling from the Internal Revenue Service has determined that DSF will be treated as a publicly supported organization, and not a private foundation. This qualifies DSF for the 50% charitable contribution deduction for individual donors. Consequently, the accompanying financial statements do not include any provision for income taxes.

DSF recognizes the effect of tax positions only when they are more than likely than not of being sustained. Management has determined that DSF had no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. In the normal course of business DSF's tax filings are subject to examination by federal and state authorities. The tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2019 and forward are subject to examination by taxing authorities.

Functional Expenses

DSF allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its various programs. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program are allocated directly according to their natural expense classification. Common expenses that benefit all functional areas of DSF (professional fees, supplies, office expenses) are allocated to the various programs based on a percentage of payroll costs charged to the specific program in relation to total payroll costs of DSF as a whole. Other costs have been allocated between the program and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. They also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair market values and all investments in debt instruments are reported at fair value in the statement of financial position. Realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation are reflected in the accompanying statement of activities. If received as a donation, the investment is stated at fair value at the date of donation.

Revenue and Revenue Recognition

DSF recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets; an unconditional promise to give; or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give -that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return – are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are met.

In accordance with financial accounting standards, DSF records contributions received as without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions depending on the existence and or nature of any donor restrictions. Restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions upon the satisfaction of the time or purpose restrictions

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Support that is restricted by the donor, grantor or other outside party for particular operating purposes or for fixed asset acquisitions is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized.

DSF recognized program revenue in the year the program takes place. Any revenue received during the fiscal year for a program that has not taken place is considered deferred revenue. DSF records special events revenue equal to the fair value of direct benefits to donors and contribution income for the excess received when the event takes place.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contributed services are recognized in the financial statements if they enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. While many individuals volunteer their time, and perform a variety of tasks that assist DSF, no amounts have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements for such services because the criteria for recognition of such volunteer efforts have not been met.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated subsequent events through March 15, 2023 which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that require disclosure.

Note 3 - Donated Services, Materials, Facilities

DSF received donated services from unpaid volunteers. No amounts have been recognized in the accompanying statement of activities because the criteria for recognition of such volunteer effort under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 have not been satisfied. The contributions of services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills that are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

Note 4 - Concentrations of Credit and Market Risk

Cash Balances

DSF maintains its cash and cash equivalents in one financial institution. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation at each institution up to \$250,000. The balances may at times during the year exceed the FDIC limit; however, DSF does not feel that there is any significant credit risk.

Investments

Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values are reported at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation are reflected in the accompanying statement of activities. The value of these investments is subject to fluctuations due to general market conditions and interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Topic 820, under the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This standard provides a consistent definition of fair value, which focuses on an exit price between market participants in an orderly transaction.

The standard also prioritizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that observable inputs be used when available.

Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the respective asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the transparency of inputs as follows:

- **Level 1 -** Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the report date. A quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market provides the most reliable fair value measurement because it is directly observable to the market.
- **Level 2 -** Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the report date. The nature of these securities includes investments for which quoted prices are available but traded less frequently and investments that are fair valued using other securities, the parameters of which can be directly observed. Also included in Level 2 are investments measured using a net asset value ("NAV") per share, or its equivalent, that may be redeemed at NAV at the date of the statement of financial position or in the near term, which DSF has determined to be within 90 days.
- **Level 3 -** Investments that have little to no pricing observability as of the report date. These investments are measured using management's best estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value are not observable and require significant management judgment or estimation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may include price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by DSF.

DSF considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of a financial instrument within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and does not necessarily correspond to DSFs' perceived risk of that instrument.

DSF's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of levels at the end of the reporting period.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Common Stocks and Mutual Funds - These items are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2022.

Assets Measured at Fair-Value on a Recurring Basis - The following is a summary of the source of fair-value measurements for assets that are measured at fair-value on a recurring basis as of December 31:

	2022	2021
Investment	Level 1	Level 1
Mutual funds	\$ 5,167,263	\$ 4,382,553
Total investments at fair value	\$ 5,167,263	\$ 4,382,553

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 - Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Investment return, net is comprised of the following at December 31:

	2022	2021
Dividends and interest	\$ 88,364	\$ 25,599
Unrealized gain (loss)	 (52,772)	 -
Dividends and interest, net	\$ 35,592	\$ 25,599

Note 6 - Availability and Liquidity

The following represents DSF's financial assets at December 31:

DSF's goal is generally to maintain financial assets by receiving support from various sources including individual, corporate, foundation and Board contributions, fundraising events, as well as income from investment sources.

Financial Assets at year end:	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,008,939	\$ 1,426,739
Investments	5,167,263	4,382,553
Accounts receivable	54,682	48,530
	6,230,884	5,857,822
Less		
Net assets with donor restrictions	(211,861)	(102,279)
Financial assets to meet general expenditures over the next twelve		
months	\$ 6,019,023	\$ 5,755,543

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7 - Board Designated Endowment

DSF's endowment consists of a funds established for the purpose is to provide an alternative source of funds to support the operations of DSF. Its endowment includes funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowment. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowment, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law - The Board of Directors of DSF has interpreted the Connecticut Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (CTPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, DSF classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by DSF in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by CTPMIFA.

In accordance with CTPMIFA, DSF considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund
- The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- The investment policies of the organization
- General economic conditions
- The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- Other resources of the organization

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7 - Board Designated Endowment (continued)

Changes in endowment net assets is as follows:

	Without		
	Donor		
	Res	strictions	
Endowment net assets January 1, 2021	\$	101,887	
Contributions and investment income		173,284	
Endowment net assets December 31, 2021		275,171	
Investment income, net		(46,491)	
Endowment net assets December 31, 2022	\$	228,680	

Funds with Deficiencies - From time to time, the fair value of investments associated with donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or CTPMIFA requires DSF to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets. There were no funds with deficiencies as of December 31,2022, and December 31, 1.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters - DSF has adopted an investment policy for endowment assets that attempts to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include board designated assets that DSF must hold in perpetuity. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to meet DSF's primary objective of preservation of their capital investments and the secondary objective of long-term capital appreciation.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives - To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, DSF currently relies on a strategy of investing in mutual funds in which investment returns are achieved through capital appreciation (realized and unrealized).

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy – DSF's Board of Directors evaluates each fiscal year any investment returns will be considered eligible for a contribution to DSF's operating expenses budget at the discretion of the Board of Director's. This policy will be regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors. DSF has an investment objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 - Net Assets

Net assets consist of the following at December 31:

	2022	2021
Without donor restrictions:		
Funds available for current		
operations	\$ 5,320,233	\$ 4,949,154
Board designated endowment	228,680	275,171
Total net assets without donor		
restrictions	5,548,913	5,224,325
With donor restrictions:		
Patient assistance	1,861	1,229
Scientific research	210,000	101,050
Total net assets with donor restrictions	211,861	102,279
Total net assets	\$ 5,760,774	\$ 5,326,604